

# STATE TAX COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

CHRISTOPHER ABEL,	)
Complainant(s),	) ) ) Appeal No. 22-10041
v.	) Appear 110. 22-100+1
	)
JAKE ZIMMERMAN, ASSESSOR,	)
ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MISSOURI,	)
Respondent.	)

#### **DECISION AND ORDER**

Christopher Abel (Complainant) appealed<sup>1</sup> the valuation of the subject residential property determined by Jake Zimmerman, Assessor, St. Louis County, Missouri (Respondent). Complainant formally appealed on the basis of overvaluation. An evidentiary hearing was held via Webex on September 22, 2023. Complainant did not appear. Complainant is not represented by counsel. Respondent appeared by counsel Steven Robson.

### **Findings of Fact**

**1. Subject Property.** The subject property is classified as residential and is located at 57 Berry Oaks Lane, St. Louis, Missouri 63122, parcel ID 22L421099.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Complainant timely filed a complaint for review of assessment. The State Tax Commission (STC) has authority to hear and decide Complainant's appeal. Mo. Const. art. X, Section 14; section 138.430.1, RSMo 2000. All statutory citations are to RSMo 2000, as amended.

- **2. Respondent and BOE.** Following a hearing, the St. Louis County Board of Equalization (BOE) set aside Respondent's original value of \$772,800 and determined a value of \$675,000 as of January 1, 2022. In his Complaint for Review of Assessment, Complainant proposed a value of \$575,000.
- **3.** Complainant's Evidence. Complainant did not appear at the evidentiary hearing and did not submit any evidence.
  - **4. Respondent's Evidence.** Respondent submitted the following exhibits:

Exhibit	Description	Status
1	Findings and Notice of Decision (of the BOE) dated	Admitted
	September 15, 2022	

**5. Value.** The true value in money (TVM) of the subject property on January 1, 2022, was \$675,000, with an assessed value of \$128,250.

#### **Conclusions of Law**

1. Assessment and Valuation. Pursuant to Article X, Sections 4(a) and 4(b), Mo. Const. of 1945 real property and tangible personal property is assessed at its value or such percentage of its value as may be fixed by law for each class and for each subclass. Article X, Sections 4(a) and 4(b), Mo. Const. of 1945. Residential real property is assessed at 19% of its TVM as of January 1 of each odd-numbered year. Section 137.115.5(1)(a). "True value in money is the fair market value of the property on the valuation date, and is a function of its highest and best use, which is the use of the property which will produce the greatest return in the reasonably near future." *Snider v. Casino Aztar/Aztar Mo. Gaming Corp.*, 156 S.W.3d 341, 346 (Mo. banc 2005) (internal quotation omitted). The fair market

value is "the price which the property would bring from a willing buyer when offered for sale by a willing seller." *Mo. Baptist Children's Home v. State Tax Comm'n*, 867 S.W.2d 510, 512 (Mo. banc 1993). Determining the TVM is a factual issue for the STC. *Cohen v. Bushmeyer*, 251 S.W.3d 345, 348 (Mo. App. E.D. 2008). The "proper methods of valuation and assessment of property are delegated to the Commission." *Savage v. State Tax Comm'n*, 722 S.W.2d 72, 75 (Mo. banc 1986).

- 2. Hearing Officer as Finder of Fact. The hearing officer is the finder of fact and determines the credibility and weight of the evidence. *Kelly v. Mo. Dep't of Soc. Servs., Family Support Div.*, 456 S.W.3d 107, 111 (Mo. App. W.D. 2015). The finder of fact in an administrative hearing determines the credibility and weight of expert testimony. *Hornbeck v. Spectra Painting, Inc.*, 370 S.W.3d 624, 632 (Mo. banc 2012). "It is within the purview of the hearing officer to determine the method of valuation to be adopted in a given case." *Tibbs v. Poplar Bluff Assocs. I, L.P.*, 599 S.W.3d 1, 9 (Mo. App. S.D. 2020). The hearing officer "may inquire of the owner of the property or of any other party to the appeal regarding any matter or issue relevant to the valuation, subclassification or assessment of the property." Section 138.430.2. The Hearing Officer's decision regarding the assessment or valuation of the property may be based solely upon his inquiry and any evidence presented by the parties, or based solely upon evidence presented by the parties. *Id.*
- **3.** Complainant's Burden of Proof. The BOE's valuation is presumptively correct. *Rinehart v. Laclede Gas Co.*, 607 S.W.3d 220, 227 (Mo. App. W.D. 2020). To prove overvaluation, a taxpayer must rebut the BOE's presumptively correct valuation and prove

the "value that should have been placed on the property." *Snider*, 156 S.W.3d at 346. The taxpayer's evidence must be both "substantial and persuasive." *Id.* "Substantial evidence is that evidence which, if true, has probative force upon the issues, and from which the trier of fact can reasonably decide the case on the fact issues." *Savage*, 722 S.W.2d at 77 (internal quotation omitted). Evidence is persuasive when it has "sufficient weight and probative value to convince the trier of fact." *Daly v. P.D. George Co.*, 77 S.W.3d 645, 651 (Mo. App. E.D. 2002); *see also White v. Dir. of Revenue*, 321 S.W.3d 298, 305 (Mo. banc 2010) (noting the burden of persuasion is the "party's duty to convince the fact-finder to view the facts in a way that favors that party"). A taxpayer does not meet his burden if evidence on any essential element of his case leaves the STC "in the nebulous twilight of speculation, conjecture and surmise." *See, Rossman v. G.G.C. Corp. of Missouri*, 596 S.W.2d 469, 471 (Mo. App. 1980).

**4.** Complainant Did Not Prove Overvaluation. Complainant did not establish that the BOE valuation was erroneous. Complainant did not appear at the hearing and did not submit any evidence which might rebut the BOE valuation.

### **CONCLUSION AND ORDER**

The BOE decision is affirmed. The TVM of the subject property as of January 1, 2021 was \$675,000, with an assessed value of \$128,250.

## **Application for Review**

A party may file with the Commission an application for review of this decision within 30 days of the mailing date set forth in the certificate of service for this decision. The application "shall contain specific detailed grounds upon which it is claimed the

decision is erroneous." Section 138.432. The application must be in writing, and may be

mailed to the State Tax Commission, P.O. Box 146, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0146, or

emailed to Legal@stc.mo.gov. A copy of the application must be sent to each person listed

below in the certificate of service.

Failure to state specific facts or law upon which the application for review is based

will result in summary denial. Section 138.432.

**Disputed Taxes** 

The Collector of St. Louis County, as well as the collectors of all affected political

subdivisions therein, shall continue to hold the disputed taxes pending the possible filing

of an application for review, unless said taxes have been disbursed pursuant to a court order

under the provisions of section 139.031.

SO ORDERED October 20, 2023.

STATE TAX COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

Gregory Allsberry

Senior Hearing Officer

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## Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing has been electronically mailed and/or sent by U.S. Mail on October 20, 2023, to:

Complainant(s) and/or Counsel for Complainant(s), the City Assessor and/or Counsel for Respondent, and City Collector.

Stacy Ingle Legal Assistant