



# STATE TAX COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

ROBERT BOYD DROST, )  
 )  
 Complainant(s), )  
 ) Appeal No. 23-30285  
 v. ) Parcel# 15-920-01-01-01-0-00-000  
 )  
 GAIL McCANN BEATTY, DIRECTOR OF )  
 ASSESSMENT, JACKSON COUNTY, )  
 MISSOURI, )  
 )  
 Respondent. )

## DECISION AND ORDER

Complainant, Robert Drost, appeals the Jackson County Board of Equalization's (BOE) decision finding the true value in money (TVM) on January 1, 2023, to be \$278,025, \$5,368 of which was agricultural. Therefore, the Assessed value of the subject property on January 1, 2023, was \$52,449; ( $\$272,657 \times .19 = 51,805$ ;  $5,368 \times .12 = 644$ ;  $51,805 + 644 = 52,449$ ). Complainant alleges overvaluation and misclassification.<sup>1</sup> For the reasons explained herein, the decision of the BOE is set aside. The TVM of the subject property on January 1, 2023, was \$252,188 with an Assessed value of \$47,540.

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<sup>1</sup> Complainant timely filed a complaint for review of assessment. The State Tax Commission (STC) has authority to hear and decide Complainant's appeal. Mo. Const. art. X, sec. 14; Section 138.430.1, RSMo 2000. All statutory citations are to RSMo 2000, as amended.

The Evidentiary Hearing in this matter was scheduled in a Scheduling Order sent to the parties on August 26, 2025, and was held on October 7, 2025. Complainant appeared pro se via telephone. Respondent was represented by counsel, Eric Honea.

Complainant did not present any Exhibits. Complainant had sent an email in August of 2025 explaining his position and went through the arguments in the email. Complainant testified that the big house on the property is just a shell, has no plumbing and is not livable, the remaining structures were old dairy buildings that are falling in. Complainant wants to contest the values of both the residential portion and the agricultural portion. Complainant is not a realtor or appraiser or has training in making adjustments to the value of homes based upon time, location, condition and repair estimates.

Respondent presented the following Exhibits. Complainant did not object to the Exhibits. The Exhibits are received.

Exhibit #	Description	Objection
1	BOE Decision 9/13/23	None
2	BOE Decision 11/7/23	None
3	Aerial Photo	None
4	Active Listing	None
5	Cover Sheet	None
6	System Comps	None
7	Property Record Card	None
8	Inspection Photo	None
9	2023 Reassessment Notice	None
10	MLS Land Comps	None
11	MLS Comps Similar Size	None
12	CMS unsafe properties	None
13	Certificate of value	None

Respondent presented the testimony of Daniel Gooden, a certified residential appraiser who works in the Jackson County Assessor's Office. The testimony of Mr. Gooden is credible. Mr. Gooden, with reference to Exhibit 1, stated that the 2022 TVM of the property was set by the

Assessor's Office at \$218,000; (\$214,627 Residential and \$3,373 Ag). The 2023 Reassessment Notice, (referred to by the witness as a Notice of Value), Exhibit 9, set out a proposed value of \$278,025. The Jackson County BOE set the value of the property at \$278,025; (\$272,657 Residential and \$5,368 Ag). Mr. Gooden testified regarding the procedure that was to be followed by the people doing the physical inspection of the property. Mr. Gooden testified that the exterior inspection was noted on Exhibit 5 to have occurred on March 9, 2022; and no interior inspection of the property occurred. Mr. Gooden further testified that according to the note on Exhibit 5, the 2023 Reassessment Notice was sent to the vendor used by the Assessor's office for publishing and mailing of such notices on June 15, 2023. Mr. Gooden had no way to know when the 2023 Reassessment Notice was actually mailed by the vendor or received by the Complainant. Mr. Gooden testified that after reviewing comparable properties in the area of the subject property, the use of the property, and vacant land sales, that the value set by the BOE was supported by the comparable sales. Mr. Gooden stated that in his opinion the value of the land alone, without any structures was \$288,000. Exhibit 7, the Property Record Card reflects that some of the property (\$5,370 total) is classified Agricultural. Respondent requested that the TVM as set by the BOE be affirmed in this appeal and that all of the property be classified as residential as there has been no agricultural use of the property.

### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

#### **1. The Subject Property's 2022 Assessment.**

Mr. Gooden in his testimony stated that the subject property had a TVM set by the Assessor of \$218,000 on January 1, 2022.

#### **2. The State Tax Commission's Order of August 6, 2024.**

The Commission takes official notice of the fact that on August 6, 2024, the Commission issued an Order pursuant to its general supervisory duties vested in it by the constitution and statutes of the State of Missouri (hereafter “2024 Order.”) The 2024 Order was directed to the Jackson County Executive, the Jackson County Board of Equalization, and the Jackson County Director of Assessment.

In its 2024 Order, the Commission ordered the Jackson County assessing officials to correct the 2023 Assessment Roll to reflect assessed valuations of all parcels of subclass (1) real property, excluding increases due to new construction or improvements, that equal the valuations determined by Jackson County assessing officials, or valuations that do not exceed fifteen percent since the last assessment, whichever is less. The Commission further ordered that the assessed valuations for 2024 subclass (1) real property shall remain the same as the assessed valuations in the 2023 assessment roll, as corrected by the Order, excluding increases due to new construction or improvements. The Order does not pertain to Agricultural property.

### **3. Jackson County Assessing Officials’ Refusal to Comply With The 2024 Order.**

The Commission takes official notice of the fact that Jackson County assessing officials refused to comply with the 2024 Order.<sup>2</sup>

### **4. Jackson County Assessing Officials’ Failure to Comply With The Notice and Physical Inspection Requirements of Section 137.115 RSMo.**

Section 137.115 requires that the Assessor:

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<sup>2</sup> “Jackson County Petitioners refused to comply with the Order and filed the present lawsuit.” March 31, 2025 Judgment, *Gail McCann Beatty et al. v. State Tax Commission of Missouri*, Case No. 2416-CV25478, Jackson County Circuit Court, at p. 17.

- A. Notify the property owner that the property value may have increased by more than 15% since the last assessment;
- B. Provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's rights relating to a physical inspection of the property by the assessor's office;
- C. Afford the property owner the opportunity for an interior inspection;
- D. Physically inspect the property after the owner's 30 days to request an interior inspection have passed.

The Commission takes official notice of the fact that Jackson County Assessing Officials failed to comply with the notice and physical inspection requirements of Section 137.115 RSMo. In its Judgment entered on March 31, 2025 in *Gail McCann Beatty et al. v. State Tax Commission of Missouri*, Case No. 2416-CV25478, the Jackson County Circuit Court, at p. 33, found as follows:

The Court finds from the evidence presented at trial that the Jackson County Petitioners improperly used some parcel by parcel reviews that were attenuated from the 2023 real property assessments; that Petitioners failed to comply with the requirements of physical inspection as set forth in section 137.115 as to certain Jackson County real property owners who were facing assessment increases of 15% or more ; that the Jackson County Petitioners failed to provide adequate notice to approximately 75% Jackson County real property owners who faced increases of 15% or more; that the Jackson County Petitioners sent notices to property owners about interior inspections which misstated the applicable law; that notices were sent out in a time frame in June, 2023, and that provided affected real property owners insufficient time to timely request an interior inspection or file appeals to the BOE. These errors compounded to create a 2023 Jackson County real property tax assessment which resulted in mistaken or erroneous assessments and taxes levied or paid in 2023. The Court further finds from the evidence presented at trial that the Commission acted upon substantial and competent evidence in determining that the errors had occurred in the 2023 real property assessment and did not act arbitrarily, capriciously or unreasonably in entering its Order.

Respondent sent the 2023 Reassessment Notice to the vendor that was being used for printing and mailing on June 15 as set out on Exhibit 5. The Physical exterior inspection of the property as described by Mr. Gooden, purportedly occurred on March 9, 2022. No interior inspection of the property occurred.

**5. No New Construction Or Improvements.**

The 2024 Order does not apply to Jackson County appeals where such properties had new construction or improvements in 2022. The subject property did not have new construction or improvements in 2022. This finding is based upon the following facts, all of which are determined by official notice:

On July 16, 2025, the undersigned entered an order in this appeal, directing the parties to notify the Commission no later than August 18, 2025 whether there was new construction or improvements to the subject property in 2022. The order directed that in the event a party did not provide information pertaining to new construction or improvements, the Commission would assume that the answer is in the negative as to that party and consider the action of the party a waiver of any right to contend that there was new construction or improvements. The Parties did not notify the Commission that there was any new construction or improvements to the subject property.

**6. Evidence that the 2022 Assessed Valuation is Less Than the Valuation Derived From Application of the 2024 Order.**

The 2024 Order set a ceiling, not a floor, for the 2023 valuation. On July 16, 2025, the undersigned entered an order in this appeal, directing Complainant to notify the Commission no later than August 18, 2025 whether Complainant intends to present any evidence that the value of the subject property is less than the property's 2022 assessed value plus fifteen percent.

Complainant contacted the SHO and requested that this matter be set for Evidentiary Hearing as Complainant believed that the 2023 TVM of the property should be less than the 2022 TVM of the property plus an additional 15%.

Complainant in this matter testified about the condition of the property.

### **7. Mathematical Computation.**

The Commission takes official notice that the subject property's 2022 TVM (\$218,000) is comprised of residential and agricultural value. The residential value multiplied by .19 equals the Assessed value of residential part of the subject property (\$40,779) for 2022, increased by 15%, ( $\$40,779 \times 1.15 = \$46,896$ ) which is the amount of the residential portion of the property. The 2023 Assessed value of the subject property is  $\$46,896 + \$644$  (Ag) = \$47,540, in accordance with the Order of the Commission. The Commission further takes official notice that the TVM of the property for 2023 is \$252,188 (\$246,820 residential and \$5,368 Ag).

## **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

### **1. Assessment and Valuation.**

Pursuant to Article X, Sections 4(a) and 4(b), Mo. Const. of 1945, real property and tangible personal property is assessed at its value or such percentage of its value as may be fixed by law for each class and for each subclass. Residential real property is assessed at 19% of its TVM as of January 1 of each odd-numbered year. Section 137.115.5(1)(a) RSMo.

### **2. The 2024 Order of the STC is Valid and is Applicable to the Subject Property.**

The 2024 Order is a valid order, issued pursuant to the Commission's constitutional and statutory authority, and within its powers which are commensurate with its responsibility and designed to enforce the law and assure uniformity. *Cassilly v. Riney*, 576 S.W.2d 325 (Mo. banc

1979); *Cuivre River Electric, Inc. v. State Tax Commission of Missouri*, 769 S.W.2d 432, 435 (Mo. banc 1989).

The 2024 Order applies to all parcels of subclass (1) real property located in Jackson County. Subclass (1) real property is defined as residential property.<sup>3</sup> The Respondent presented evidence of an exterior inspection and evidence of preparation of a 2023 Reassessment Notice. The evidence presented was a date on which the 2023 Reassessment Notice was sent to a printing and mailing vendor, not when the notice was mailed to Complainant which is necessary to determine compliance with 137.115. Respondent presented evidence that the exterior inspection occurred on March 9, 2022. Respondent further presented evidence that an interior inspection was not completed. Compliance with 137.115 was not proven, therefore, the Order of the Commission from August 6, 2024, applies and limits the increase of assessment of the property to 15% over the 2022 valuation.

**3. Evidence.** The hearing officer is the finder of fact and determines the credibility and weight of the evidence. *Kelly v. Mo. Dep't of Soc. Servs., Family Support Div.*, 456 S.W.3d 107, 111 (Mo. App. W.D. 2015). "Although technical rules of evidence are not controlling in administrative hearings, fundamental rules of evidence are applicable." *Mo. Church of Scientology v. State Tax Comm'n*, 560 S.W.2d 837, 839 (Mo. banc 1977).

**4. Complainant Did Not Produce Substantial and Persuasive Evidence of Overvaluation.**

Complainant states that the value of the property is too high as it is very rough and the structures on it are not habitable but falling in. Complainant did not produce evidence supporting a comparable sales approach, income approach, or cost approach to value.

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<sup>3</sup> Mo. Const. Art. X Section 4(a) and 4(b)(1).

Complainant's testimony did not utilize the comparable sales approach, income approach, or cost approach to support a proposed value. The lack of evidence relating to a recognized valuation method renders Complainant's proposed value speculative and unpersuasive. *See Cohen*, 251 S.W.3d at 349 (holding an opinion of value loses probative value when based on an improper foundation). Complainant did not produce substantial and persuasive evidence showing the BOE overvalued the subject property and "the value that should have been placed on the property." *Tibbs*, 599 S.W.3d at 7.

### **CONCLUSION AND ORDER**

The BOE decision is set aside. The TVM of the subject property is \$252,188 (\$246,820 residential and \$5,368 Ag) and the Assessed value of the subject property as of January 1, 2023, was \$47,540, (\$46,896 residential and \$644 Ag).

### **Application for Review**

A party may file an application for review of this decision within 30 days of the mailing date set forth in the certificate of service for this decision. The application "shall contain specific detailed grounds upon which it is claimed the decision is erroneous." Section 138.432. The application must be in writing, and may be mailed to the State Tax Commission of Missouri, P.O. Box 146, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0146, or emailed to Legal@stc.mo.gov. A copy of the application must be sent to each person listed below in the certificate of service. *Failure to state specific facts or law upon which the application for review is based will result in summary denial.* Section 138.432.

### **Disputed Taxes**

The Collector of Jackson County, and the collectors of all affected political subdivisions therein, shall continue to hold the disputed taxes pending the possible filing of an application for review, unless the disputed taxes have been disbursed pursuant to a court order under the provisions of section 139.031.

SO ORDERED February 20, 2026.

STATE TAX COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

Todd D. Wilson  
Senior Hearing Officer

Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing has been electronically mailed and/or sent by U.S. Mail on February 20, 2026, to: Complainant(s) and/or Counsel for Complainant(s), the County Assessor and/or Counsel for Respondent and County Collector.

Stacy M. Ingle  
Legal Assistant